Managing Product Information for Complex Systems

Adopting MBSE in the Joint Strike Missile (JSM) project



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About Presenter





- Svein Erik Søgård, MSc
 - Principal Engineer, Missile Systems
- Engaged since 1995 at Missile Division in KDS
- Background from SW development, system integration and test in NSM (Naval Strike Missile)
- Current work (since 2010): system architecture in JSM and responsible for adopting MBSE using SysML

WORLD CLASS - through people, technology and dedication



Motivation: The problem with document based communication





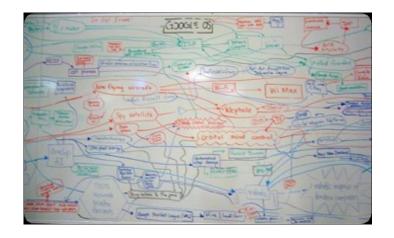
Solution: Model Based approach with views



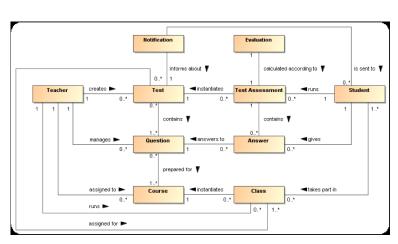


What is a model? (in this context)

Drawing







Model

Model

- Integrated information model built up of model elements that are related to each other
- Strict rules for what kind of elements and which relations that can be applied. Rules are validated by a tool
- Diagrams are not standalone drawings, they are visualizing the elements and the relations the model
- Single source of information: Update on an element is automatically reflected in all views/diagrams

The MBSE approach in JSM





JSM – some key characteristics

- Many different technologies to be integrated (multi disciplinary):
 - Infrared imaging target seeker
 - multi-sensor navigation system,
 - jet engine and bank-to-turn flight control
 - In-flight radio communication (weapon data link)
 - on-board mission/flight route planning based on operational scenario
 - programmable fuze/warhead
 - multicore computing platform
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- SW intensive
 - >60% of the system requirements affects SW
- >30 years product lifecycle, mid life updates

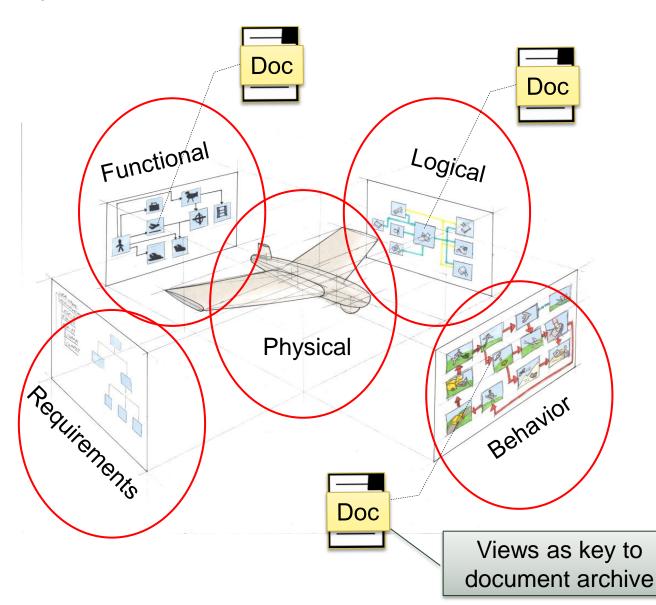




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System Architecture Framework - Views





Specification

- WHAT shall the system do?
- Requirements and Behavior
- Context/interfaces

Functional Design:

Given concept, HOW shall the system work?

Logical Design

- Realization oriented
- HOW are components connected?
- HOW do they interact? (sequences/flow)?

Physical Design:

- Mechanical, 3D
- HOW is the product assembled?



JSM System Architecture Model – Context

- System requirements
- Operational Concepts
- Interface specifications



System Architecture Model

R, F, L + Behavior : SysML, MagicDraw

P : Digital Mock Up (3D), Catia + Enovia

Other (docs, other models etc) in Enovia



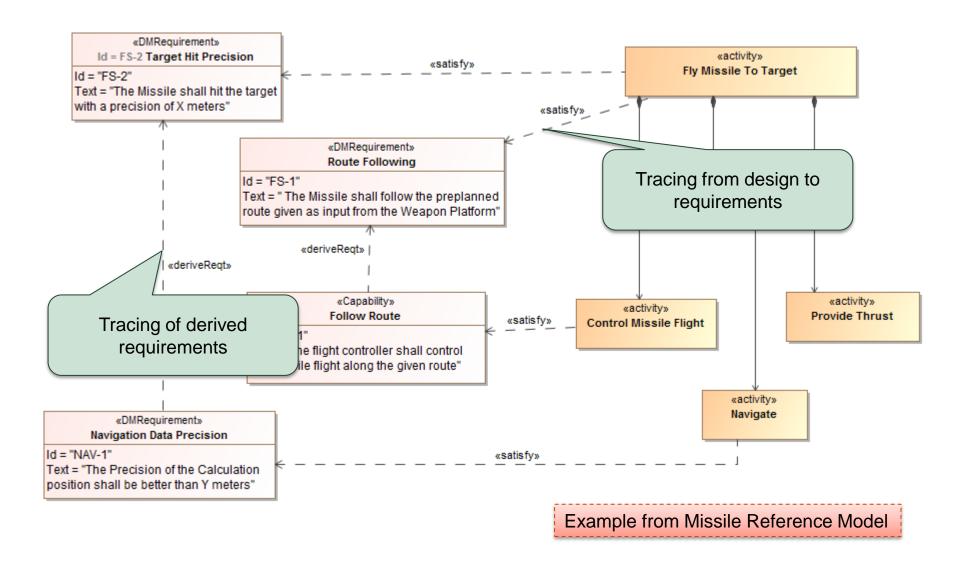
Component development



Integration, Test & Verification

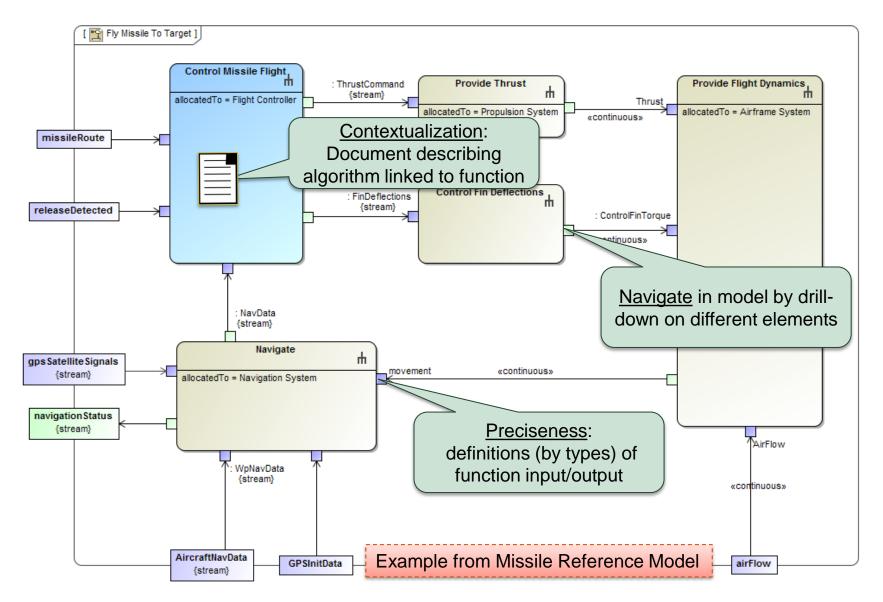


Functional Design - Requirements



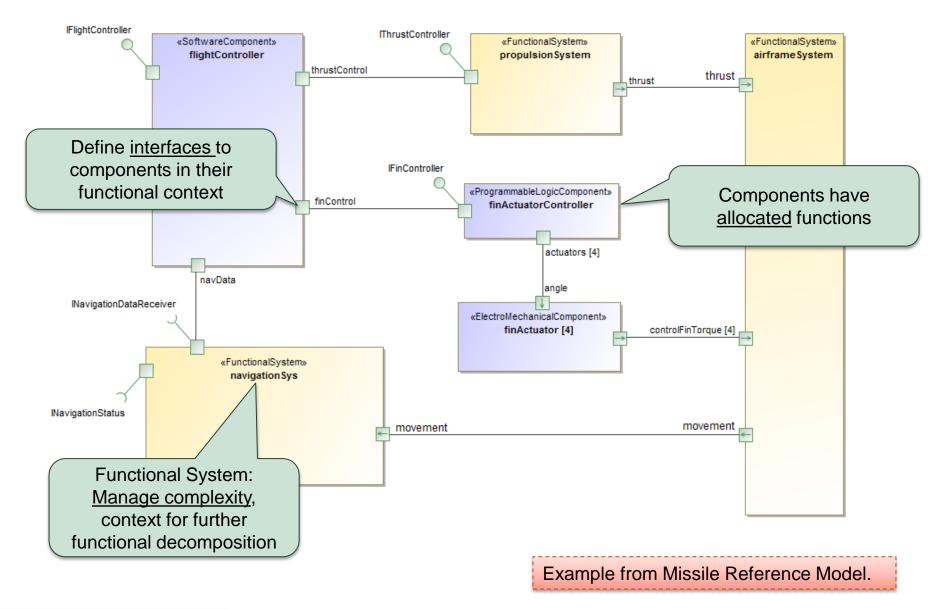


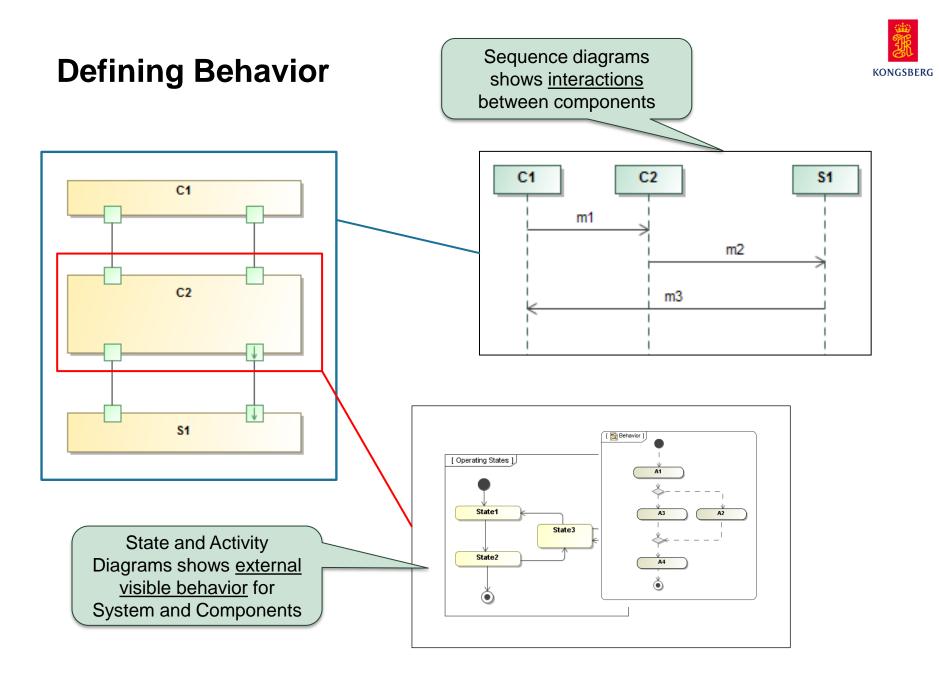
Example – Flight System – Functional view





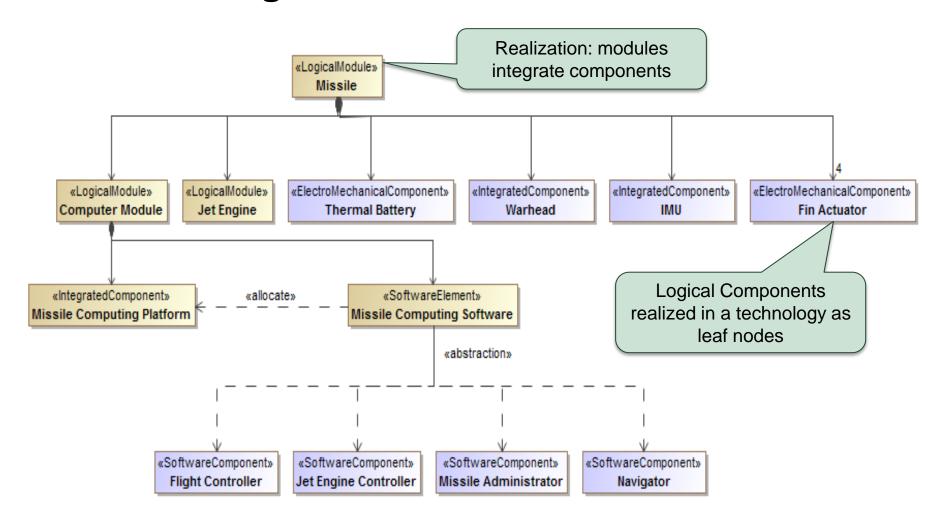
Example – Flight System – Logical design view





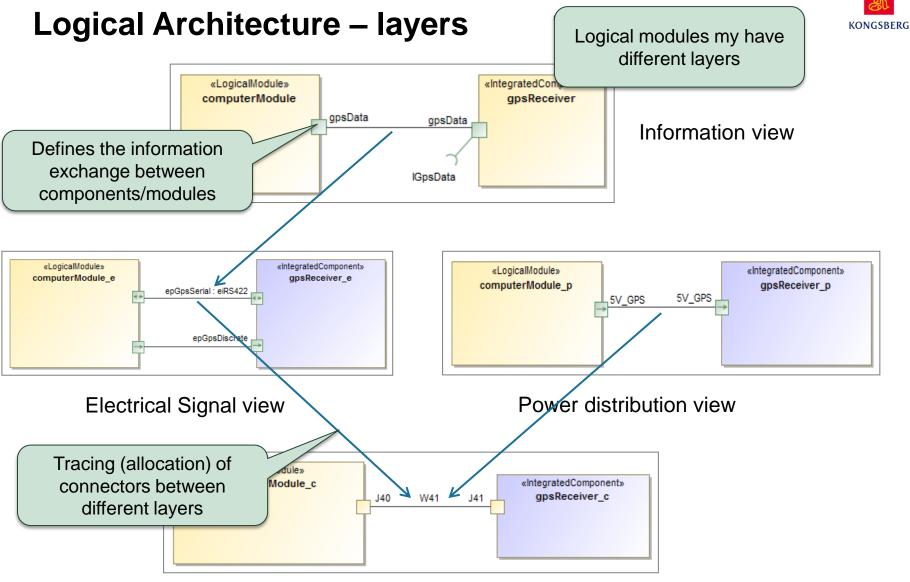


Missile – Logical architecture structure



Example from Missile Reference Model

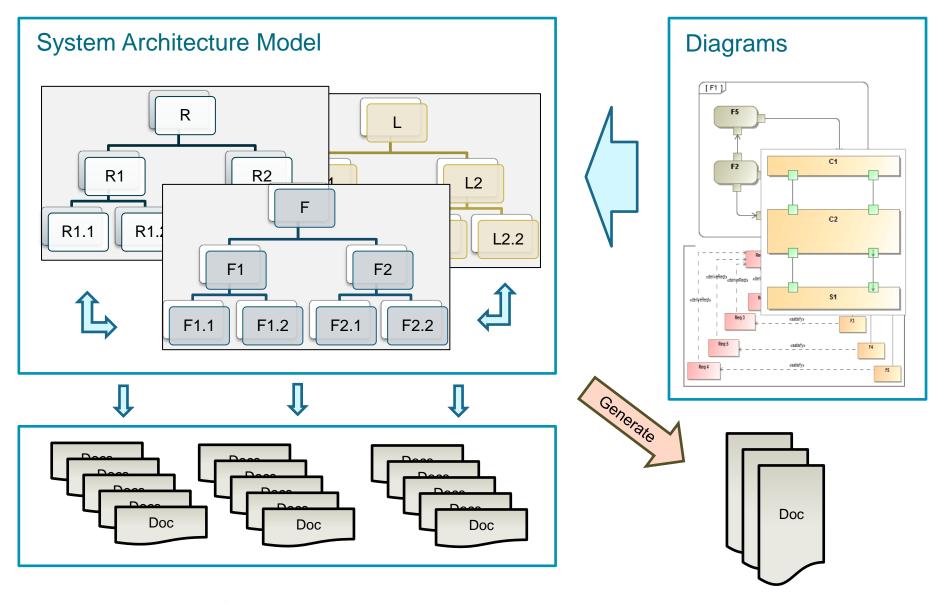




Cabling view









Is this a success story?

We have made a good foundation

- Established SAM expressing R,F, L and P of the JSM
 - > 25 systems, > 80 components, > 4000 diagrams
 - 20-30 persons contributed to modeling the SAM (R,F,L)
- Precise specifications for component development, especially for SW
 - Smooth transition to SW component design
 - Generating code for interfaces defined in SAM
- Commitment from Management

Success! But we still need to improve and evolve......

- integration of the next JSM product increments must be successful
- «everyone» has to understand the model
- new employees should efficiently maintain the product
- model (elements) should be reused from JSM in other product variants
- the modeling culture must be sustainable





Experiences and Recommendations #1

- Adopting a MBSE solution is a long journey
 - It's about learning new methodology, new architecture framework and a new language/tool in parallel
 - In JSM it took several years to get the Architecture Framework mature
 - 10 Workshops and trainings (2-3 days), extensive mentoring
 - MBSE test bed tested in the Local Hawk student project
 - Invest in training and mentoring, Establish core team(s) and mentor(s)
- Keeping the model update and consistent is mandatory
 - Do not put too much details into the model
 - Throw away duplicated/obsoleted information
- SysML very expressive and powerful, but complex
 - Define a language subset and a strict guideline to develop large models ->
 Establish a reference model expressing which subset of sysML to use for which purpose



Experiences and Recommendations #2

- Systems Engineering terminology is overloaded
 - Functional versus logical? What is a system?
 - Clear terminology is essential in communicating the model -> define!
- Well managed abstractions is required to manage complexity
 - abstractions are not popular at the first glance for many
 - «abstractions hiding the details that is important»
 - «the information become fragmented by applying separate views»
 - Defining good abstractions is hard work, but it is worth the effort!
- It is a challenge to develop methodology and guidelines in parallel with product development
 - Start small: Establish methodology and Architecture Framework on pilot projects or small products/small parts of a product
 - Documenting existing products components good way to learn and establish methodology & framework, «sandwich» process – meet in the middle
 - Roll out stuff that works!



The recipe for success

think BIG
start small

and EVOLVE







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